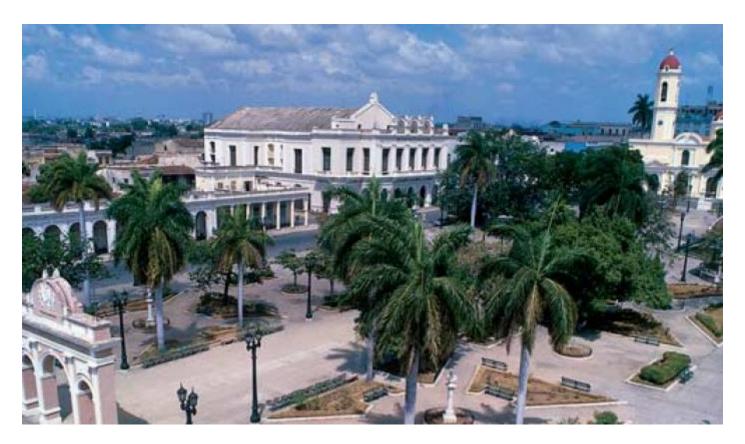
## Cienfuegos, the Pearl of the South, celebrates 200 years



Havana, April 22 (RHC)-- Cienfuegos, Cuba's youngest and most modern city, is celebrating its 200th anniversary.

Set up by Luis Declouet on April 22nd, 1819, and originally named Fernandina de Jagua, Cienfuegos is the most important city founded on the island in the 19th century. French colonizers from Bordeaux, France, and from Philadelphia and Louisiana were the city's first settlers. Due to its recent constructions, it is considered the most modern and best designed such urban area in the country.

Cienfuegos is a 19th century eclectic style city that still keeps the charms that its first residents enjoyed in its historical section; a series of buildings with grand pillars and large halls give the site an amazing and traditional atmosphere. The most modern constructions in the beautiful city were made following the harmony of its surroundings and inhabitants' idiosyncrasy. Cienfuegos is also known as 'the Pearl of the South' or 'the Lovely City of the Sea'.

With plenty palaces, such as that of Blanco, Ferrer and Goitizolo; parks such as that of José Martí, Villuendas and Panteón de Gi, and theaters and churches, such as the Cathedral, Prado Promenade – the longest such promenade in the country- and the Seaside Wall and Drive are the favorite place for Cienfuegos residents to visit in the city.

Cienfuegos' historic section, with its perfectly straight streets and its impressive collection of architectural values, has been declared a National Monument. Its original center used to have 25 blocks, starting at Plaza de Armas or Arms Square, known today as Martí Square. Cuba's only Arch of Triumph majestically stands in that amazing plaza, close to which you can find the Tomás Terry Theater, one of the most important 19th century such installations on the island, who has been recently renovated and restored by the joint work of city artists, artisans, local institutions and solidarity organizations.

Punta Gorda and La Punta are two residential areas on the city's southern section, where you will find El Palacio de Valle or Valle Palace- an astounding mansion that shows more of Cienfuegos' eclecticism, currently under restoration. At the Bay, the Fortress of Our Lady of Los Ángeles de Jagua, built in 1745, is a very good example of 18th century military architecture in Cuba. When the city was set up, it was the only such construction on the island's central area to protect the Caribbean from pirate or corsair attacks.

The city's Botanic Garden offers visitors a great collection made up of one thousand 450 species of plants, 80 percent of which are exotic.

Surrounding the bay is an extraordinary population of mangroves, as well as several natural shelters for local birds. A colony of over 2 hundred pink flamingos gives the place a magic touch that resembles the atmosphere the area's ancient aboriginal inhabitants and colonizers lived in.

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